



Louisiana State Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors

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STUDY GUIDE FOR THE LRR – LOUISIANA REGULATIONS AND RULES EXAM

The LRR relates to the following regulations. These regulations can be found on the board's website under regulations and also on the LA Legislature website at <https://www.legis.la.gov/legis/Home.aspx>.

Each of these regulation links have been condensed in this compact PDF file to be easily accessed for review.

LA R.S.37 – Professions & Occupations – Chapter 10 Embalming & Funeral Directors

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RS 37:831

CHAPTER 10. EMBALMING AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

§831. Definitions

For purposes of this Chapter and implementation thereof, the following terms have the meaning as defined herein, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) "Active licensee" means an individual that holds a funeral director or embalmer and funeral director license issued by the board and who has complied with all requirements of this Chapter.

(2) "Addiction" means the physiological or psychological dependency on drugs or alcohol.

(3) "Advertisement" means the publication, dissemination, circulation, or the placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, or placed before the public any announcement or statement in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a book, notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, handbill, poster, bill, sign, placard, card, label, or tag, or over any radio station, television station, or both.

(4) "Approved continuing education program" means a continuing education program activity which is approved by the board.

(5) "Approved provider" means any continuing education provider approved by the board.

(6) "Association" means a partnership, a combination or group of individuals, or an unincorporated organization of persons having a common interest.

(7) "Authorizing agent" means a person legally entitled to authorize the cremation of human remains.

(8) "Board" means the Louisiana State Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors.

(9) "Body parts" means human remains or limbs or other portions of the anatomy that are severed from the body during an accident; removed from a person for medical purposes during treatment, surgery, biopsy, autopsy, or medical research; or otherwise become unattached from the body. It also means human bodies or any portion of bodies that have been donated to science for medical, educational, or research purposes.

(10) "Branch establishment" means a licensed funeral establishment devoted to or used in the care of the body of a deceased person, or maintained or held out to the public, by advertising or otherwise, as the office or place for the practice of funeral directing. Ownership of the branch is identical to the ownership of the main funeral establishment controlling the branch, and such establishment can practically be served by the licensed personnel of the main establishment.

(11) "Burial" means the act or process of disposing of a human body by depositing it in the earth, at sea, or by any other accepted disposition.

(12) "Burial-transit permit" means the permit for disposition of a dead human body as required by state law.

(13) "Buyer" means the person entering into a preneed funeral contract with a licensed funeral establishment.

(14) "Capper", "steerer", or "runner" means a person who, for monetary benefits or other considerations, procures or attempts to procure business at the direction of, request of, or in cooperation with a licensee by means of deceit, trick, fraud, or misleading statements.

(15) "Care of the dead" means watchful observation of the deceased person and attention given to the survivors and friends.

(16) "Casket" means a rigid container which is designed for the encasement of human remains usually constructed of wood, metal, fiberglass, or other similar material and ornamented

and lined with fabric, which may or may not be combustible, for transportation, or for other disposition.

(17) "Certificate" means a license issued by the board.

(18) "Change of ownership" means a transfer of more than fifty percent of the stock or assets of a funeral establishment or crematory authority.

(19) "Closed container" means any container in which cremated human remains can be placed and closed in a manner so as to prevent leakage or spillage of remains or the entrance of foreign material.

(20) "Contagious disease" means a disease which is communicable by contact.

(21) "Continuing education" means that education which is obtained by a licensee through education processes in order to develop, maintain, improve, or expand skills and knowledge.

(22) "Corporation" means a body formed and authorized by law to act as a single person although constituted by one or more persons and legally endowed with various rights and duties.

(23) "Cremated human remains" means all the remains of the human body recovered after the completion of the cremation process, including processing, pulverization, or processing and pulverization which leaves only bone fragments reduced to unidentifiable dimensions and may possibly include the residue of any foreign material that was cremated with the human remains.

(24) "Cremation" means the technical process, using direct flame and heat, that reduces human remains to bone fragments through heat and evaporation. Cremation may also include the processing, pulverization, or the processing and pulverization of bone fragments.

(25) "Cremation container" means the container in which the human remains are transported to the crematory and placed in the cremation retort for cremation. A cremation container should substantially meet all of the following standards:

(a) Be composed of materials suitable for cremation.

(b) Provide a complete covering for the human remains.

(c) Be resistant to leakage or spillage.

(d) Be rigid enough for handling with ease.

(e) Provide protection to safeguard the health, safety, welfare, and personal integrity of crematory personnel.

~~(26) "Cremation retort" means the enclosed space within which the cremation process takes place.~~

(27) "Crematory" means the building or portion of a building that houses the cremation retort for the reduction of bodies of deceased persons to cremated human remains.

(28) "Crematory authority" means the legal entity which is licensed by the board to operate a crematory.

(29) "Crematory retort operator" means the individual who is authorized and licensed by the board to operate the retort and perform the cremation process.

(30) "Deceptive" means tending or having power to impose a false idea or belief or causing one to believe an untruth.

(31) "Dishonest conduct" means a standard of personal behavior by a funeral director, or embalmer, or both, characterized by a willful distortion of the truth in an attempt to deceive, cheat or defraud.

(32) "Disinterment" means the act or ceremony of extracting a dead human body from the earth or tomb.

(33) "Disposition" means the shipment, interment, burial, cremation, or anatomical donation of a dead human body or parts of a dead human body.

(34) "Embalmer" means a person who disinfects or preserves, or both, a dead human body or bodies, entirely or in part, by the use of chemical substances, fluids, or gases ordinarily used,

prepared, or intended for such purposes, either by outward application of such chemical substances, fluids, or gases on the body, or by the introduction of same into the body by vascular or hypodermic injection, or by direct application into the organs or cavities.

(35) "Embalmer and funeral director" means a person to whom a valid license has been issued by the board to perform the duties of embalming and funeral directing.

(36) "Embalming" means preparing, disinfecting, and preserving, either hypodermically, arterially, or by any other recognized means, the body of a deceased person for burial, cremation, or other disposition.

(37) "Financial institution" means a state or national bank, savings bank or savings association located in the state of Louisiana and whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, including homesteads, building and loan associations and savings and loan associations.

(38) "Firm" means a business unit or enterprise or a partnership of two or more persons not recognized as a legal person distinct from the members composing it.

(39) "Formal hearing" means a hearing as provided for in R.S. 37:847.

(40) "Fraud" means the intentional distortion of the truth by a funeral director, or embalmer, or both, in order to induce another to part with something of value or to surrender to a legal right.

(41) "Funeral" means the observances held for a dead person usually before burial or cremation.

(42) "Funeral directing" means the operation of a funeral home, or, by way of illustration and not limitation, any service whatsoever connected with the management of funerals, or the supervision of hearses or funeral cars, the purchase of caskets or other funeral merchandise, and retail sale and display thereof, the cleaning or dressing of dead human bodies for burial, and the performance or supervision of any service or act connected with the management of funerals from time of death until the body or bodies are delivered to the cemetery, crematory, or other agent for the purpose of disposition.

(43) "Funeral director" means a person to whom a valid license has been issued by the board to perform the duties of funeral directing.

(44) "Funeral establishment" means any place or premises duly licensed by the board and devoted to or used in the care and preparation for disposition of the body of a deceased person or maintained or held out to the public by advertising or otherwise as the office or place for the practice of funeral directing.

(45) "Funeral goods and services" means any one or more of the following goods or services:

(a) Goods which are sold or offered for sale directly to the public for use in connection with funeral services.

(b) Any services which may be used to care for or prepare deceased human remains for burial, cremation, or other final disposition.

(c) The arranging, supervising, or conducting of the funeral ceremony or the final disposition of deceased human bodies.

(d) Funeral merchandise.

(46) "Funeral merchandise" means: caskets, rental caskets, rental casket inserts, alternative containers, combo/shipping caskets, and other receptacles, excluding urns, where human remains are directly placed for disposition.

(47) "Funeral recipient" means the individual for whom funeral goods and services are to be provided under the terms of a preneed funeral contract.

(48) "Funeral trust account" means an account established pursuant to R.S. 37:865(B)(1).

(49) "Gratuity" means an inducement given voluntarily or beyond obligation to gain business.

(50) "Guaranteed funeral goods and services" means funeral goods and services which a funeral establishment agrees to provide for a named funeral recipient upon death which are a specifically identified set of funeral goods and services designated as guaranteed and for which a funeral trust account has been established or a preneed insurance policy or annuity has been purchased or assigned to pay for those funeral goods and services, provided the buyer has fully funded a funeral trust account, or has fully paid for a preneed funeral policy or annuity, within a specified period of time after the preneed funeral contract is made and the funeral establishment has agreed to accept the funds available in the funeral trust account or preneed insurance policy or annuity during the term of the guarantee as payment in full for those funeral goods and services so that there will be no additional cost to the funeral recipient's family or his or her estate for those funeral goods and services.

(51) "Holding facility" means an area within or adjacent to the crematory designated for the short-term retention of human remains prior to cremation that shall fulfill all of the following requirements:

- (a) Comply with any applicable public health laws.
- (b) Preserve the dignity of the human remains.
- (c) Recognize the integrity, health, safety, and welfare of the crematory authority personnel operating the crematory.
- (d) Be secure from access by anyone other than authorized personnel.

(52) "Hour of continuing education" means a unit of measurement equivalent to an organized learning experience of fifty consecutive minutes.

(53) "Human remains" means the body of a deceased person, or part of a body or limb in any stage of decomposition that has been removed from a living or dead person.

(54) "Inactive licensee" means an individual that holds a funeral director or embalmer and funeral director license issued by the board not practicing in any capacity in this state and who has not met the requirements of R.S. 37:854.

(55) "Incompetency" means the lack of skills or qualities necessary to perform the duties of funeral director, or embalmer, or both.

(56) "Infectious disease" means a sickness or malady which is easily diffused, or spread, or communicated.

(57) "Informal meeting" means a fact gathering session of the board as provided for in R.S. 37:847.

(58) "Interment" means the act or ceremony of burying a dead human body.

(59) "Interment receptacle" means an enclosure in which a casket is placed.

(60) "Intern" means a person who is duly registered as such with the board while in the employ of a funeral establishment and who is engaged in learning the practice of funeral directing, or the practice of embalming, or both as the case may be, under the supervision of a funeral director or funeral director and embalmer duly licensed by the board and available on the same premises for consultation.

(61) "Joint venture" means a speculative business enterprise involving the united activity of two or more persons.

(62) "Legal custody" means the immediate care, charge, and control exercised by a person or an authority according to or within the law.

(63) "Malpractice" as used in this Chapter, means a negligence from professional duty or a failure to exercise an acceptable degree of skill or learning as a funeral director, or embalmer, or both that results in injury, loss, or damage.

(64) "Mandatory disclosure" means to divulge necessary, required information relating to services and merchandise offered by the funeral home establishment and pertaining to any other

conditions known at the time funeral arrangements are made.

(65) "Mislead" means to lead into a mistaken action or belief often by deliberate deceit.

(66) "Misrepresentation" means the act of giving a false, or misleading representation with an intent to deceive.

(67) "Next of kin" means one or more living persons in the nearest degree of relationship to another person.

(68) "Partnership" means a legal relationship existing between two or more persons contractually associated as joint principals in a business.

(69) "Prearrangement" means the non-binding gathering and exchange of information before the death of an individual that provides guidance for a funeral or final disposition of that individual and does not result in a preneed funeral contract.

(70) "Preneed funeral contract" means any written agreement between a buyer and a funeral establishment in which a funeral establishment agrees, prior to the death of a named funeral recipient, to furnish funeral goods and services for the funeral recipient upon death, and the buyer, pursuant to that agreement, transfers or tenders funds, or assigns an insurance policy or annuity to the funeral establishment for the purpose of paying all or part of the cost of those funeral goods and services at the time they are actually provided. The contract may be designated as revocable or irrevocable and may be guaranteed or non-guaranteed as to some or all of the funeral goods and services included therein.

(71) "Preneed insurance policy or annuity" means any policy or contract of insurance issued by an insurance company in accordance with Title 22 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, and used to fund a preneed funeral contract.

(72) "Preparation" means the actions or processes necessary to make a dead body ready for disposition.

(73) "Processing" means the reduction of identifiable bone fragments after the completion of the cremation process to unidentifiable bone fragments by manual or mechanical means.

(74) "Program instructor" means an organization or person who conducts or presents continuing education to licensees.

(75) "Pulverization" means the reduction of identifiable bone fragments after the completion of the cremation and processing of granulated particles by manual or mechanical means.

(76) "Reburial" means to transfer or transport a body from one place to another for reinterment.

(77) "Refund designee" means the person designated in a preneed funeral contract by the buyer to receive any surplus of funds as provided in R.S. 37:865(G) and (I).

(78) "Removal" means to transfer or transport a body from one place to another for preparation for burial or reburial.

(79) "Sole proprietorship" means one who has the legal right or exclusive title to something.

(80) "Solicitation" means the act or practice of any licensee, or any agent, employee, or person acting on his behalf, approaching a person or a group of persons to make a request or plea, or to urge someone toward a particular cause as it may pertain to the care, custody, or disposition of a dead human body.

(81) Repealed by Acts 2014, No. 264, §2.

(82) "Temporary container" means a receptacle for cremated human remains usually made of cardboard, plastic, or similar material designed to hold the cremated human remains until an urn or other permanent container is acquired. "Temporary container" shall not mean a "temporary receiving vault" as defined in R.S. 8:1.

(83) "Temporary license" is a license issued for a period of not more than six months to an individual who has been licensed for a period of not less than one year and who has been active as

an embalmer and funeral director or funeral director in another state, province, or jurisdiction recognized by the board and who meets all of the requirements of this Part. The license entitles the holder to practice embalming and funeral directing or funeral directing in the state of Louisiana under the general supervision of a licensed establishment manager. The license shall become null and void if the license being endorsed is revoked, suspended, or lapsed.

(84) "Transfer" means to convey from one person, place, or situation to another.

(85) "Unethical or unprofessional conduct" as used in this Chapter means a standard of personal behavior by a funeral director, or embalmer, or both, or intern, or individual working under the authority of a temporary license not conforming to accepted, professional principles of the funeral service profession.

(86) "Untrustworthiness" means the quality or state of not being worthy of confidence.

(87) "Untruthful" means to be false, inaccurate, or dishonest.

(88) "Urn" means a receptacle designed to permanently encase cremated human remains.

Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M.; Acts 1977, No. 283, §1; Acts 1983, No. 454, §1; Acts 1990, No. 415, §1, eff. Sept. 1, 1990; Acts 2003, No. 1243, §2; Acts 2008, No. 799, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2009; Acts 2010, No. 373, §1; Acts 2012, No. 176, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2014, No. 264, §§1, 2; Acts 2015, No. 25, §1.

RS 37:832

§832. Louisiana State Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors; appointments; terms of office

A.(1) There is created within the Department of Health and Hospitals the Louisiana State Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors that shall be subject to the provisions of R.S. 36:803.

(2) The board shall consist of nine members to be appointed by the governor, subject to Senate confirmation, as further provided in Subsection B of this Section. All members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the governor for terms of four years.

B.(1) The board shall include four licensed embalmers and four licensed funeral directors, all of whom shall have been residents of the state of Louisiana for at least five years and all of whom shall have had experience in their respective professions for at least five years. Eight members shall be appointed as follows:

(a) Two members shall be residents of District A, comprised of the parishes of Orleans, Jefferson, St. Bernard, and Plaquemines.

(b) Two members shall be residents of District B, comprised of the parishes of Vernon, Rapides, Avoyelles, Concordia, Catahoula, LaSalle, Grant, Natchitoches, Sabine, DeSoto, Red River, Winn, Caldwell, Franklin, Tensas, Madison, Richland, Ouachita, Jackson, Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Webster, Claiborne, Lincoln, Union, Morehouse, West Carroll, and East Carroll.

(c) Two members shall be residents of District C, comprised of the parishes of Beauregard, Allen, Evangeline, St. Landry, St. Martin, Iberia, St. Mary, Lafayette, Acadia, Calcasieu, Jefferson Davis, Cameron, and Vermilion.

(d) Two members shall be residents of District D, comprised of the parishes of Pointe Coupee, West Feliciana, East Feliciana, St. Helena, Tangipahoa, Washington, St. Tammany, St. John the Baptist, St. Charles, Lafourche, Terrebonne, Assumption, Iberville, West Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge, Livingston, Ascension, and St. James.

(2) The board shall also include one member, appointed by the governor, who shall be sixty years of age or over and who shall serve as a representative of the elderly consumers of Louisiana.

The elderly member shall not be actively engaged in nor shall he be retired from the occupation, profession, or industry of funeral directors or embalmers. The elderly member shall be a full voting member of the board, except that the elderly member shall not participate in the grading of individual examinations.

C. Each appointment shall be submitted to the Senate for confirmation. Members of the board may serve two consecutive four-year terms. However, at least one year shall elapse between the expiration of a member's second consecutive term and his appointment to a subsequent term.

When the governor removes a member and replaces him with another person, the replacement shall serve for the remainder of the removed member's term. Such service shall constitute a four-year term for purposes of this Section.

D. Repealed by Acts 1988, No. 275, §2, eff. July 1, 1988.

Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M.; Acts 1977, No. 684, §2. Acts 1984, No. 941, §1, eff. July 20, 1984; Acts 1986, No. 782, §1, eff. noon July 11, 1988; Acts 1988, No. 275, §§1, 2, eff. July 1, 1988; Acts 1990, No. 163, §1; Acts 2008, No. 811, §1.

NOTE: See Acts 1984, No. 941, §2.

NOTE: See Acts 1986, No. 782, §2.

NOTE: See Acts 1988, No. 275, §3.

NOTE: See Acts 1990, No. 163, §2.

RS 37:833

§833. Domicile of the board

The domicile of the board shall be the parish of Orleans, state of Louisiana where and only where it may be sued. The board may, however, establish its office in the metropolitan New Orleans area.

Acts 1983, No. 454, §1.

RS 37:834**§834. Filling of vacancies on board; failure to qualify**

Any vacancy occurring on the board shall be filled by the governor in the manner provided in R.S. 37:832. If any member appointed to the board does not qualify within the time specified under R.S. 37:836 or if a member of the board dies or resigns, the governor shall appoint another person to fill the vacancy within thirty days after notification from the board.

Amended by Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M. Acts 1984, No. 941, §1, eff. July 20, 1984.

{{NOTE: SEE ACTS 1984, NO. 941, §2.}}

RS 37:835

§835. Certificate of appointment

The governor shall furnish each member appointed to the board a certificate of appointment which shall be filed with the board.

RS 37:836

§836. Oath of office

Each member appointed to the board shall qualify by taking the oath of office before any officer authorized by law to administer oaths in this state within ten days after the appointment. This shall be noted on the certificate of appointment.

RS 37:837

§837. Election of officers

The board shall annually, at its first regular meeting, elect a president, a vice-president, a secretary and treasurer from the members of the board, which officers shall serve for one year or until their successors are elected and qualified.

Amended by Acts 1963, No. 12, §1.

RS 37:838

§838. Salary and expenses of members of board

A. All monies received by the board shall be held by the treasurer of the board for paying the salary and the traveling and living expenses of the members of the board while on board business, and for paying other expenses necessary to the operation of the board.

B. Each member of the board shall receive a per diem not to exceed one hundred dollars while on board business, and this compensation shall in no manner be an expense to the state.

Amended by Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1974, No. 572, §1; Acts 1995, No. 112, §1.

RS 37:839

§839. Quorum

Four members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of all its business and the performance of all its duties.

Amended by Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M. Acts 1986, No. 782, §1, eff. noon, July 11, 1988; Acts 1988, No. 275, §1, eff. July 1, 1988.

{{NOTE: SEE ACTS 1986, NO. 782, §2.}}

RS 37:840**§840. Powers and duties of the board; rules and regulations**

A. The board shall have all the powers necessary for administering and enforcing the provisions of this Chapter. Such powers shall include, but not be limited to,

(1) Making reasonable rules and regulations for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter.

(2) Conducting examinations as often as found necessary, according to reasonable standards adopted by the board under the authority and requirements of this Chapter, for applicants desiring to practice the science of embalming or the profession of funeral directing or both, and the issuance of licenses to those found to be qualified and eligible therefor.

(3) Prescribing requirements, in accordance with the provisions and intent of this Chapter, for funeral homes and other establishments engaged in the care and disposition of dead human bodies, including but not limited to rules relating to personnel, sanitation and disinfection and the making of inspections in connection therewith, and the issuance of licenses to those found to be qualified and eligible therefor.

(4) Holding of such hearings and the making of such investigations as may be found necessary in carrying out the purposes and intent of this Chapter, with the right to subpoena licensees, their records, books and accounts and others from whom information is needed, and to administer oaths and issue commissions to take depositions of witnesses, within and outside the state. Oaths may be administered and subpoenas issued by any member of the board in connection with such hearings and investigations.

(5) The appointment of an attorney at law to represent it in all matters and fixing his compensation and defining his duties.

(6) The adoption of a common seal.

(7) Authorizing and regulating branch establishments.

B. It shall be the duty of the board to:

(1) Meet at least once a year or oftener if necessary for the proper and efficient performance of its functions.

(2) Conduct examinations of applicants for licenses to practice embalming or funeral directing as often as necessary to prevent unreasonable delay in passing on applications, and make prompt investigations and decisions on applications for licenses to operate funeral homes; and to promptly issue licenses to all persons and establishments found qualified and eligible therefor.

(3) Employ an investigator and promptly dispose of any valid complaints or any reported violations of the provisions of this Chapter, and dispatch, without undue delay, any other matters or business coming properly within the scope of its authority.

Amended by Acts 1958, No. 28, §1; Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M., Acts 1974, No. 3, §1.

RS 37:841

§841. Certificates issued under the State Board of Embalming and Funeral Directing, etc.

Certificates issued by the State Board of Embalming and Funeral Directing and the State Board of Embalming and Undertaking shall be considered as issued by the board under this Chapter.

§842. Minimum qualifications for license

A. Qualifications for a funeral director license. Any applicant is qualified for a license as a funeral director if he meets all of the following requirements:

- (1) Is at least eighteen years of age.
- (2) Has obtained a high school diploma or its equivalent.
- (3) Is found by the board to be of good moral character and temperate habits.
- (4) Has successfully completed a minimum of thirty semester hours in an accredited college or university as evidenced by a certified copy of the transcript of the college or university. The minimum subject hours shall include twenty-one semester hours of the basic freshman courses, which include but are not limited to the following: English, mathematics, bookkeeping, accounting, business mathematics, psychology, history, science, business administration, biology, economics, chemistry, and marketing or such other minimum hours as the law may provide. Remedial classes and courses such as music, the arts, physical education, and sports shall not be considered as accepted courses.
- (5) Has served an internship in the state of Louisiana for a period of not less than nine months, or thirty-nine weeks, and not more than forty-eight months, or two hundred eight weeks, has actively assisted in at least thirty funerals, and has completed at least one thousand five hundred sixty contact hours during the internship period. A funeral director intern may receive credit for up to two-thirds of the internship requirement prior to the completion of thirty semester hours.
- (6) Has paid the application fee required by R.S. 37:845.
- (7) Passes satisfactorily an examination conducted by the board relative to the practice of the profession of funeral directing as defined in R.S. 37:831.

B. Qualifications for an embalmer and funeral director license. Any applicant is qualified for license as an embalmer and funeral director if he meets all of the following requirements:

- (1) Meets the requirements set forth in Paragraphs (A)(1), (2), (3), and (6) of this Section for funeral directors.
- (2) Has successfully completed a full course in the science of embalming and the profession of funeral directing at an accredited school recognized by the board.
- (3) Passes satisfactorily an examination conducted by the board relative to the practice of the science of embalming and the profession of funeral directing as defined in R.S. 37:831.
- (4) Has served an internship in the state of Louisiana for a period of not less than nine months, or thirty-nine weeks, and not more than forty-eight months, or two hundred eight weeks, actively assisted in at least thirty embalming operations and thirty funerals and completed at least one thousand five hundred sixty contact hours during the internship period. An embalmer and funeral director intern may receive credit for up to two-thirds of the internship requirement prior to graduating from an accredited school recognized by the board.

C. Licensure by endorsement. Any applicant is qualified for license as an embalmer and funeral director or funeral director by endorsement in this state if he meets all of the following requirements:

- (1) Holds a license in good standing issued by another state, province, or jurisdiction recognized by the board that is substantially equivalent to the requirements of this state and who meets the requirements of this Chapter.
- (2) Meets all of the requirements of Paragraphs (A)(1), (2), (3), and (6) of this Section for an embalmer and funeral director or funeral director license.
- (3) Has worked for a period of not less than three months within the state of Louisiana under the authority of a temporary license.

D. Qualifications for an embalmer and funeral director temporary license. Any applicant is qualified for an embalmer and funeral director temporary license by endorsement in this state if he meets the requirements of Paragraphs (A)(1), (2), (3), and (6) of this Section and furnishes the board with all of the following:

- (1) Proof that he holds a valid embalmer and funeral director license in good standing from another state, province, or jurisdiction recognized by the board. The board may waive this requirement in those cases where the recognized state, province, or jurisdiction does not license embalmers or funeral directors.
- (2) Proof that he has graduated from an accredited program in mortuary science recognized by the board.
- (3) Proof that he has passed a nationally recognized examination.
- (4) Proof that he has practiced the science of embalming and the profession of funeral directing for a period of not less than one year during the prior three-year period.
- (5) Proof in the form of a statement that all of the following are true:
 - (a) No proceeding has been instituted against the applicant for the cancellation, suspension, or revocation of the license in the state, province, or jurisdiction that issued the license.
 - (b) No prosecution is pending against the applicant in a state or federal court for an offense that, under the laws of this state, is a felony or is a misdemeanor related to the science of embalming or the profession of funeral directing.
 - (c) The qualifications made in the application for licensure in this state are correct.

E. Qualifications for a funeral director temporary license. Any applicant is qualified for a funeral director temporary license by endorsement in this state if he meets the requirements of Paragraphs (A)(1), (2), (3), and (6) of this Section and furnishes the board with all of the following:

(1) Proof that he holds a valid funeral director license in good standing from another state, province, or jurisdiction recognized by the board. The board may waive this requirement in those cases where the recognized state, province, or jurisdiction does not license funeral directors.

(2) Proof that he has passed a recognized examination.

(3) Proof that he has practiced the profession of funeral directing for a period of not less than one year during the prior three-year period.

(4) Proof in the form of a statement that all of the following are true:

(a) No proceeding has been instituted against the applicant for the cancellation, suspension, or revocation of the license in the state, province, or jurisdiction that issued the license.

(b) No prosecution is pending against the applicant in a state or federal court for an offense that, under the laws of this state, is a felony or is a misdemeanor related to the science of embalming or the profession of funeral directing.

(c) The qualifications made in the application for licensure in this state are correct.

F. Any establishment where the business of funeral directing or embalming as defined in R.S. 37:831 is conducted within this state shall be duly licensed. An establishment shall be qualified to be licensed to operate as such if it meets all of the following requirements:

(1) It is managed or is to be managed by a funeral director holding a valid license, other than a temporary license, from the state of Louisiana. The funeral director shall manage the establishment on a full-time basis and funeral directing shall be his principal occupation.

(2) Embalming is performed only by an embalmer and funeral director holding a valid license from the state of Louisiana or a registered intern under the supervision of a state-licensed embalmer and funeral director.

(3)(a) It is found, after proper investigation to meet the requirements established by the board with respect to all of the following:

(i) Licensed personnel, including those working under the authority of a temporary license.

(ii) Registered interns.

(iii) Embalming facilities for the sanitation, disinfection, and preparation of a human body.

(iv) Adequate buildings.

(v) Display rooms for displaying funeral merchandise consisting of, but not limited to a minimum of six adult caskets of a variety of styles and quality.

(vi) Other necessary facilities, furnishings, and equipment to adequately serve the public.

(b) The embalming facilities and display rooms described in this Paragraph are required in every funeral establishment that is not a branch establishment.

(4) Furnishes such further information as the board may require regarding its qualifications and operations.

(5) Makes payment to the board of the fee required by R.S. 37:845.

G. Licenses issued pursuant to Subsection F of this Section shall be for a specific name and location, and amended from time to time to show any change of name or location upon the payment of a charge equaling a license renewal fee.

H. Every license issued hereunder shall be signed by the president and secretary of the board, and bear the imprint of the board's seal. The board shall register each license holder as being duly licensed for the purpose covered by such license.

Acts 1958, No. 28, §1; Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M.; Acts 1974, No. 3, §2; Acts 1977, No. 283, §2; Acts 1990, No. 415, §1, eff. Sept. 1, 1990; Acts 2010, No. 372, §1; Acts 2014, No. 264, §1; Acts 2015, No. 25, §1; Acts 2020, No. 329, §1, eff. June 12, 2020.

RS 37:843

§843. Registration and display of certificate

The board shall register each certificate in the office of health services and environmental quality of the Department of Health and Hospitals.

Every certificate holder shall display his certificate in a conspicuous place in his office or place of business.

Amended by Acts 1977, No. 283, §3; Acts 1977, No. 684, §3.

RS 37:844

§844. Renewals

A. Every certificate holder under this Chapter who continues the practice of the science of embalming, the practice of funeral directing, or continues to operate a funeral establishment in this state shall renew its license by paying to the secretary of the board on or before December thirty-first of each year the renewal fee set forth by rule in accordance with R.S. 37:845. Any certificate holder whose renewal fee is not received by the board by December thirty-first shall be deemed delinquent. A notice of delinquency shall be sent via certified mail to the certificate holder by the board. The notice shall state that the deadline for payment has lapsed and that if the certificate holder intends to renew, payment of the renewal fee shall be submitted to the board within five business days of receipt of the notice. No penalties, reinstatement fees, or late fees shall be assessed and no reinspection shall be required if the certificate holder submits payment of the renewal fee within five business days of receipt of the notice. If the board does not receive the renewal fee within the five business days provided for by this Subsection, such certificate holder shall be subject to any penalty, reinstatement fees, or late fees authorized by law.

B. Renewal fees sent through the mail shall be deemed timely received if mailed on or before the due date. If the renewal fee is received by the board after the due date, the timeliness of the mailing shall be shown by an official United States postmark or by official receipt or certificate from the United States Postal Service or a commercial mail service, made at the time of mailing that indicates the date thereof.

C. Any certificate holder whose renewal fee for 2017 was received by the board by February 1, 2017, and who paid a reinstatement of certificate fee or any penalty for late payment shall be issued a refund by the board for all amounts paid in excess of the annual renewal fee. This refund shall be issued no later than September 1, 2017.

Amended by Acts 1977, No. 283, §4; Acts 2017, No. 251, §1, eff. June 14, 2017.

RS 37:845

§845. Fees

The board shall require payment of fees hereunder as follows:

- (1) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than two hundred fifty dollars from each person applying for a funeral director's license.
- (2) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than two hundred fifty dollars from each person applying for a funeral director's and embalmer's license.
- (3) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than eighty dollars for the annual renewal of each of the licenses listed in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Section.
- (4) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than one thousand dollars for each funeral establishment applying for a license to operate within this state.
- (5) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than seven hundred dollars for the annual renewal of each license for a funeral establishment to operate within this state.
- (6) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than one hundred dollars from each person applying for an internship.
- (7) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than one hundred dollars from each person applying for a duplicate certificate.
- (8) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than one hundred dollars from each person applying for a temporary license within this state.
- (9) A fee to be determined by the board of not more than five hundred dollars for any inspection or reinspection of an establishment applying for a license to operate within this state, applying for a location change, or applying for an ownership change.

Amended by Acts 1958, No. 28, §1; Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966, at 10:30 A.M.; Acts 1970, No. 6, §1; Acts 1977, No. 283, §5; Acts 1983, No. 454, §1; Acts 1995, No. 112, §1; Acts 2004, No. 133, §1; Acts 2014, No. 264, §1.

RS 37:846

§846. Refusal to grant or renew licenses; revocation or suspension; grounds; hearings

A. The board may refuse to grant, refuse to renew, suspend, or revoke any license, or impose a sanction or fine in keeping with the penalty provision of this Part for any licensee or registrant when he is found guilty of any of the following acts or omissions:

(1) Fraud or misrepresentation in obtaining or attempting to obtain any license by this board.

(2) Paying, giving or offering, directly or indirectly, orally or in writing, any money, credit, discount, gratuity or other thing of value to a third party as an inducement for the business of a prospective customer, provided that this prohibition shall not be construed to prohibit any of the following:

(a) The execution or servicing by the parties thereto of any funeral service contract or preneed funeral contract recognized by any provisions of Titles 22 and 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

(b) A licensee's providing promotional pricing that is disclosed on its general price list, including the dollar amount or method of determining the dollar amount of any discount, directly to a consumer.

(c) A licensee's providing discounted or free funeral goods and services for infants or a member of an indigent family.

(3)(a) Solicitation which is intimidating, overreaching, fraudulent, or misleading, that uses undue influence, or that takes advantage of a person's lack of knowledge or emotional vulnerability, or engaging in any of the following:

(i) At-need solicitation of sales of funeral goods and services or funeral or disposition arrangements.

(ii) Soliciting, accepting, or paying consideration for recommending a provider of funeral goods and services or disposition arrangements or using the services of cappers, steerers, or runners.

(iii) Contacting persons receiving care in hospitals, rest homes, nursing homes, hospices, or similar institutions for the purpose of soliciting preneed funeral contracts or the sale of funeral goods and services or making funeral or disposition arrangements without first having been specifically requested by that person.

(iv) Contacting a person suffering ill health or the relatives, caregivers, acquaintances, health care providers, or persons having the right to control the disposition of the remains of an individual whose death is impending or whose death has recently occurred for the purposes of soliciting preneed funeral contracts or the sale of funeral goods and services or making funeral or disposition arrangements for that individual without first having been specifically requested by that person seeking information about funeral goods or services.

(b) This Paragraph shall not apply to communications between persons related by blood, adoption, or marriage.

(c) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to restrict the rights of a person to advertise or use direct mail or other communications in a manner directed to members of groups, associations, organizations, or the general public, or to contact persons responding to such communications or who initiate discussion of the funeral goods and services being offered.

(4) Malpractice.

(5) Unprofessional, unethical or dishonest conduct.

(6) Incompetency or untrustworthiness in the practice of embalming, funeral directing, or cremation.

(7) Failure or refusal to properly provide or guard against contagious or infectious or

communicable diseases, or the spreading thereof.

(8) Immorality or addiction to the liquor or drug habit to such a degree as to render him unfit to practice embalming and/or funeral directing.

(9) Conviction of any felony or of any offense involving moral turpitude.

(10) Use, in advertising or in the sale of merchandise or services, untruthful, deceptive, unethical, misleading or improbable statements, or any practice, offer or inducement prohibited by any provisions of this Section.

(11)(a) Knowingly employing any unlicensed person or inactive licensee to perform the work of actual embalming or funeral directing, except that a registered intern may perform the work of actual embalming or funeral directing, as long as he is under the supervision of a licensed embalmer or funeral director who is available on the same premises for consultation.

(b) Knowingly employing any unlicensed person to engage in the practice of cremation or to operate a cremation retort.

(12) Recommending to the board an applicant for a license who has not, to his personal knowledge, complied with the requirements of this Chapter or with the rules and regulations of said board.

(13) Refusing to surrender a dead human body or cremated human remains upon the request of the person entitled to the custody and control of the body or cremated human remains.

(14) Violation of any law of this state relating to the embalming, burial, cremation, or disposal of dead human bodies or cremated human remains, or any of the provisions of this Chapter, or of the rules and regulations of the Louisiana State Board of Embalmers and Funeral Directors or the applicable rules and regulations of the Department of Health and Hospitals, the Department of Environmental Quality, or any other federal, state, or local governmental entity; or promoting, participating in, operating or servicing, directly or indirectly, any burial insurance association or society, or issuing, giving, selling, or distributing any contract, certificate, or coupon, granting or promising to the holder, his representatives or assigns, any burial benefits, or credit thereon, unless such association, society, contract, certificate, or coupon is authorized and approved by Louisiana law.

(15) Embalming bodies or practicing funeral directing for anyone in the State of Louisiana not licensed as a funeral establishment under the laws of this state.

~~-----~~(16) Cremating human remains by any person or entity in the state of Louisiana not licensed as a crematory authority, or practicing cremation in any facility not licensed as a crematory, in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.

(17) If informed by the authorizing agent on a cremation authorization form of the presence of a pacemaker in human remains, failing to take all necessary steps to remove the pacemaker before delivering the human remains to the crematory.

(18) Performing the cremation of human remains without having received proper authorization to cremate in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 37:877.

(19) Violating any cremation procedures as set forth in R.S. 37:879 or the provisions of R.S. 37:880(C) and (D), relative to the disposition of cremated human remains.

(20) Knowingly and falsely certifying training or attempting through subterfuge to bypass the requirements for continuing education.

B. Petition, in affidavit form only, for revocation or suspension of a license or registration certificate may be filed by any person with the board. It shall state the charges with reasonable definiteness. Notice of not less than fifteen days will be given licensee and a hearing set. Complainant and licensee may have benefit of counsel, and shall have the right to offer evidence and cross-examine witnesses. Strict rules of evidence need not be complied with, but no evidence shall be received unless given by witnesses present. Upon due hearing, board may enter its findings of record. Appeal from any board decision or order shall be filed in a court of competent

jurisdiction within fifteen days from board's decision, otherwise board's findings will be final.

Amended by Acts 1963, No. 12, §1; Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966, at 10:30 A.M.; Acts 1974, No. 3, §3; Acts 1977, No. 684, §4; Acts 2003, No. 1243, §2; Acts 2010, No. 373, §1; Acts 2012, No. 176, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2014, No. 264, §1.

RS 37:847**§847. Hearings; subpoenas**

A. A quorum of the board or a committee of the board may take testimony concerning matters under its jurisdiction. The board, through its presiding officer, may issue subpoenas to enforce the attendance of witnesses, and administer oaths to witnesses.

B. The board may hold an informal meeting to ascertain facts of an alleged violation of any provision of this Part. The board may appoint one or more of its members who shall investigate the alleged violation and report their findings to the board. The board may compel the appearance of parties to the alleged violation or witnesses to the alleged violation. The board may, by majority vote, dismiss the complaint or call for a formal hearing.

C. If a formal hearing is called, parties to the alleged violation and complaint shall be present either voluntarily or by subpoena. A proper legal record of the hearing shall be required in a manner legally accepted in judicial proceedings. After hearing and reviewing the evidence presented, the board, within a reasonable time, shall render a decision and issue its decision and orders to all parties.

Acts 1983, No. 454, §1

RS 37:848**§848. Unlawful practice**

A. No person, not certified and registered under the provisions of this Chapter, shall embalm, or pretend to practice the science of embalming, or conduct the business of funeral directing; however, a licensed funeral director shall not be required to supervise the disinterment of a dead human body when disinterment and reburial is made in the same cemetery by its designated sexton who shall be responsible to supervise the disinterment and reburial.

B. Every member of a firm or corporation engaged in the practice of the science of embalming or the business of funeral directing, or both, and the manager of each place of business conducted by such firm or corporation, whose duties engage him directly in the care and preparation, or the supervision of the disposal, burial or disinterment of dead human bodies, shall possess a certificate issued under the provisions of this Chapter. No such firm or corporation shall permit an assistant who is not a certified embalmer under the provisions of this Chapter to care for or prepare for burial or transportation, the body of any person who has died of a communicable disease.

C. It shall be unlawful for anyone to engage in the business of funeral directing or embalming as defined in R.S. 37:831 unless such business is conducted by a duly licensed Louisiana funeral establishment.

D.(1) Only a licensed embalmer may embalm a dead human body.

(2) If the body is to be held by the funeral establishment longer than thirty hours after the time of death, it shall be embalmed or the body may be refrigerated continuously at a temperature not to exceed forty-five degrees Fahrenheit.

(3) If the body is not embalmed or refrigerated, it shall be buried, cremated, or otherwise disposed of within thirty hours after death or as soon as possible after its release by the proper authorities.

(4) If the condition of the body does not permit embalming by the introduction of chemical substances, fluids, or gas into the body by vascular or hypodermic injection or by direct application into the organs or cavities, it shall be embalmed by an outward application of such substances.

(5) Every dead human body shall be disposed of and prepared through a funeral establishment and under the supervision of a licensed funeral home or embalmer.

(6) Notwithstanding any provision of this Part to the contrary, a licensed hospital or medical school may hold a body for more than thirty hours without having the body embalmed and a licensed hospital, medical school, or the Bureau of Anatomical Services may dispose of any tissues or organs according to accepted procedures.

(7) Nothing in this Subsection shall be construed to require embalming if specific practices and beliefs of religious groups prohibit it.

E. The provisions of R.S. 37:848(D)(1) through (5) shall not apply to the Anatomical Board (R.S. 17:2271-2280).

F. The provisions of R.S. 37:848(D)(1) through (5) shall not apply to accredited schools of mortuary science or funeral service.

Acts 1966, No. 19, §1, eff. June 15, 1966 at 10:30 A.M.; Acts 1974, No. 3, §4; Acts 1983, No. 454, §1; Acts 1990, No. 415, §1, eff. Sept. 1, 1990; Acts 2004, No. 132, §1; Acts 2010, No. 372, §1.

RS 37:849**§849. Injunction proceedings**

The board may bring legal proceedings to enjoin a person or establishment violating the provisions of this Chapter from practicing the science of embalming, conducting the business of funeral directing, operating a funeral establishment, engaging in the practice of cremation, or operating a crematory retort, as may be the case, until such person complies with the requirements of this Chapter. The injunction, if granted, shall not be suspended by bond or appeal, and the person or establishment enjoined shall be cast for attorney fees and court costs.

Amended by Acts 1958, No. 28, §1; Acts 2003, No. 1243, §2; Acts 2003, No. 1243, §2.

RS 37:850**§850. Penalty**

A. Whoever violates the provisions of this Part shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars for each offense plus costs of the court reporter and the attorney for the board, or by imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one hundred eighty days for each offense, or both such fine and imprisonment.

B. If a firm or association violates the provisions of this Part, all members of the firm or association who knowingly violate said provisions shall be subject to the penalty. If a corporation violates said provisions, the members of the board of directors and the officers of the corporation who knowingly violate said provisions shall be subject to the penalty.

Amended by Acts 1974, No. 3, §5; Acts 1977, No. 283, §6. Acts 1983, No. 454, §1.

RS 37:851

§851. Exemptions

Nothing in this Chapter shall apply to commissioned officers in the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Hospital Service, or to anyone actually serving as a member of the resident medical staff of any legally incorporated hospital in this state.

Amended by Acts 1977, No. 283, §7.

RS 37:852**§852. Funeral home limousines**

No political subdivision of this state shall require a funeral home which is in compliance with all funeral home licensing requirements of the state and of that political subdivision to acquire any limousine franchise or limousine license from that political subdivision to operate any limousine owned or operated by that funeral home. The provisions of this Section shall be limited to limousines operated by such funeral homes for funeral services and weddings.

Acts 1990, No. 981, §1.

RS 37:853

§853. Identification of caskets; promulgation of rules

A. Funeral establishments operating in the state shall affix, on a permanent-type material, the following information on all caskets used by such establishment for burial:

- (1) The name of the deceased contained in the casket.
- (2) The date of death of the deceased.
- (3) The name of the funeral home.

B. The board shall promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act in order to implement the provisions of this Section.

Acts 2006, No. 330, §1, eff. June 13, 2006.

RS 37:854

§854. Continuing education; requirements; enforcement; exemptions; course approval; provider approval; recordkeeping; fees

A. As a condition of renewal, each active licensee shall complete four hours per licensing period of continuing education in accordance with the provisions of Subsection D of this Section subject to the following:

(1) A maximum of eight hours of continuing education may be carried over and applied to the required hours for subsequent licensing periods, up to four hours each period for a maximum of two periods.

(2) Continuing education programs may be offered in person or through other means, including but not limited to distance learning, videotape, audiotape, teleconference, satellite seminar, webconferencing, Internet course work, correspondence course work, or any other means approved by the board.

(3) Credit shall not be given for the same course more than once during any two consecutive licensing periods.

(4) Credit of attendance may be given to a licensee who conducts a continuing education program.

(5) Credit shall be given for completion of any continuing education program upon submission of evidence of completion issued by a provider or program instructor in accordance with Subsection D of this Section.

B. The continuing education requirements of this Section shall not apply to:

(1) First-time license renewals.

(2) Licensees who are sixty-five years of age or older at the time of renewal and who have been licensed for a period of not less than ten consecutive years.

(3) Licensees who have been called to active military duty status.

(4) Inactive licensees during any licensing period in which they remain inactive; however, an inactive licensee changing status to an active licensee shall first meet the continuing education requirements.

(5) Temporary licensees.

(6) Interns.

C.(1) Any licensee who seeks credit for participation in an educational activity not provided for in Subsection D of this Section may submit a request for subsequent approval of the activity. Such application shall be in a form approved by the board and shall be submitted within thirty days of the completion of the activity.

(2) The board shall approve or reject the application within five working days of receipt and shall notify the licensee in writing of the action.

(3) An appeal of the rejection of an application may be made in writing to the board within fifteen days of notification of the rejection. The board shall rule on the appeal at the next scheduled meeting of the board.

D.(1) The continuing education program required by this Section shall be satisfied by:

(a) Courses recognized by the Academy of Professional Funeral Service Practice or offered by the Louisiana Funeral Directors Association or the Louisiana Funeral Directors and Morticians Association.

(b) Courses approved by the board or its designee that do not meet the standards in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph.

(2) Continuing education programs may be open and available to all licensees or closed and restricted as determined by the sponsor, approved provider, or program instructor.

(3) The number of continuing education hours for a specific program shall be determined and announced by the provider or program instructor.

(4) The board shall maintain a listing of approved continuing education programs, approved providers, and program instructors.

(5) The board may monitor, inspect, or review any board-approved continuing education activity. If a determination is made that the program as presented varied significantly from the program as approved, the board may disallow all or part of the continuing education hours granted for the activity.

E.(1) Board-approved providers and program instructors shall:

(a) Submit, within ten days of completion of the activity and on a form approved by the board, a statement attesting to the satisfactory completion of all participating licensees.

(b) Retain all records pertaining to approved continuing education programs for a period of not less than three years, which records shall be subject to examination by the board upon its request.

(2) The board shall maintain records of current hours of continuing education for each licensee, and each individual licensee shall maintain his own records of his current hours of continuing education.

(3) The board shall, as a part of the application process for license renewal, inform each licensee of the current number of hours of continuing education in the licensee's file.

F. The sponsor, provider, or program instructor conducting a continuing education program may charge a fee to each licensee attending the program.

G. Any licensee who meets all the requirements of this Chapter, with the exception of the required hours of continuing education, shall become an inactive licensee.

Acts 2012, No. 176, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 2013; Acts 2014, No. 264, §1.

RS 37:855

§855. Right to arrange funeral goods and services

A. The persons in the priority listed in R.S. 8:655 and R.S. 37:876 have the right to arrange with a funeral director or funeral establishment for funeral goods and services, as defined in R.S. 37:831, in preparation for the disposition of the remains of a decedent.

B. There is no liability for a funeral director, funeral establishment, or any respective employee for following the directions or relying on the representation of a person representing himself to be the person who has the prior right to arrange the funeral goods and services for the remains of a decedent in accordance with Subsection A of this Section.

C. There shall be no liability for a funeral director, funeral establishment, or any respective employee for permitting any interested person to view human remains in the care of the funeral director or funeral establishment.

Acts 2016, No. 143, §2, eff. May 19, 2016; Acts 2020, No. 329, §1, eff. June 12, 2020.